Rt Hon Dominic Raab MP
Secretary of State for Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Affairs
Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office
King Charles Street
London SW1A 2AH

By post and email

14 October 2020

Dear Foreign Secretary

Natural resource governance: transparency and sustainability in the international extractive industries (oil, gas and mining) in the context of COVID-19 and the Paris Climate Agreement

We write as members and allies of Publish What You Pay UK, the United Kingdom chapter of the global Publish What You Pay civil society movement. PWYP works at international and national levels for transparent, accountable, equitable and sustainable outcomes from the extraction of oil, gas and solid minerals.

We encourage you, as head of the key government department with responsibility for the UK’s relations with the international community, to prioritise natural resource governance by maintaining and strengthening the country’s global leadership in extractive industry transparency, accountability and sustainability.

The UK Government has shown real leadership on these issues to date: championing and implementing the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI); promoting accountability in the world’s extractive industries during the UK’s 2013 G8 Presidency; bringing the Reports on Payments to Governments Regulations 2014 into force as a “high-profile policy commitment”; leading international progress on oil, gas and solid minerals commodity trading disclosures since the 2016 London Anti-Corruption Conference; commitments in the UK’s Anti-Corruption Strategy and Open Government Partnership National Action Plans; and as the first major economy to pass a net zero greenhouse gas emissions law.

These actions have helped make the sector increasingly accountable to citizens and have helped lay the groundwork for a just low-carbon transition. However, the task is far from complete. The current challenge of COVID-19 and the increasing urgency of the climate crisis require far-reaching action by the UK and other countries without delay:

1 BEIS (2018), Post Implementation Review.

UK coalition members
ABColombia
Action Aid
Amnesty International UK
Andrew Lees Trust
Burma Campaign
CAFOD
Campaign Against Arms Trade
CARE International UK
Christian Aid
Clean Trade
Ecumenical Council for Corporate Responsibility
Engineers Against Poverty
Enfrema Focus
Global Poverty Project
Global Witness
Natural Resource Governance Institute
The ONE Campaign
OpenCorporates
Open Knowledge International
Open Society Foundations
Oxfam Great Britain
Peru Support Group
RAID
Save the Children UK
Scottish Catholic International Aid Fund
Stakeholder Democracy
Network
Tearfund
Transparency International UK
United Nations Association of the UK
World Vision International
The international extractive sector remains at high risk of corruption and mismanagement.  

Africa’s estimated annual $88.6 billion losses from illicit financial flows originate mainly from extractive industries and are associated with poor environmental outcomes.  

Environmental, social and human rights harms arising from inadequate transparency and oversight of the extractive sector can be severe.  

Comprehensive global action on commodity trading transparency is still much needed.  

Resource-dependent developing and transition countries are suffering the double blow of COVID-19 and falling global commodity prices undermining national economies.  

The world is at present far off course in addressing the Paris 1.5°C climate goal.  

“Signs of escalating climate change can no longer be ignored ... Impacts from extreme weather events hit the poorest countries hardest.”

With the UK a leading jurisdiction for incorporation and securities trading by oil, gas and mining companies with a global footprint, we urge you and the Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office under your leadership to make natural resource governance a priority by:

1. Maintaining and enhancing the UK’s strong international commitment to extractive sector transparency and accountability, including driving the creation of climate-risk-related disclosures via the EITI and other international mechanisms and fora.

2. Helping ensure that the UK is seen to deliver substantial progress towards its 2050 net zero emissions target ahead of the 2021 UN Climate Change Conference (COP26) in Glasgow. This means prioritising an ambitious UK Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC), setting out in detail the domestic policies that will underpin how the UK will meet its international commitments under Paris to limit average global temperatures rises to 1.5°C.

3. Enabling our organisations to meet online in the near future with your Department officials to discuss further progress on points 1 and 2 above.

We look forward to hearing from you.

Yours sincerely

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5 NRGI (2018), Generating Government Revenue from the Sale of Oil and Gas: New Data and the Case for Improved Commodity Trading Transparency; EITI (2020), Reporting guidelines for companies buying oil, gas and minerals from governments.


7 “[T]he world is heading for a 3.2°C temperature rise”: UNEP (2019), Cut global emissions by 7.6 percent every year for next decade to meet 1.5°C Paris target - UN report.

8 Germanwatch, Global Climate Risk Index 2020.

9 NRGI, ResourceProjects.org database of extractive companies’ payments-to-governments reporting under EU, Canadian, Norwegian and UK disclosure laws, companies reporting under UK law.
Simon Taylor
Alternate civil society member
Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI) International Board

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Spotlight on Corruption

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Stakeholder Democracy Network

Ken Penton
UK Climate Campaigner
Global Witness

Eva van der Merwe
Director
International Lawyers Project

Richard Solly
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Habte Hagos
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